## **CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE / PULMONARY EDEMA UPDATED 1/2024**

ALL PROVIDERS		
	Determine whether the patient (male or female) has taken erectile dysfunction medications such as Viagra, Levitra or Cialis within the last 24 hours.  Assess blood glucose level. ontinuous cardiac, ETCo2, 12 lead ECG, and pulse oximetry monitoring.  reatment Plan  Maintain airway; assist with breathing as necessary, provide oxygen as needed to target SpO2 90-94%.  Rey Considerations  Do not use nitroglycerin if the patient has taken erectile dysfunction medications in the last 24 hours. In pregnant patients of >20 weeks gestation: Place wedge-shaped cushion or multiple pillows under patient's right hip and manually displace the uterus.  Pediatric lowest acceptable systolic blood pressures are birth to 1 month = 60mmHg, 1 month to 1 year = 70mmHg, 1 year to 10 years is = 70mmHg + (age x 2) and over 10 years = 90mmHg.	
	ADULT	PEDIATRIC (<15 years of Age) NOTE: Pediatric weight based dosing should not exceed Adult dosing.
	EMT	EMT
	Assist patient with prescribed nitroglycerin SL every 5 minutes, up to 3 doses, as long as dyspnea or chest pain persist and SBP >90 mmHg  • Do not administer nitroglycerin if the patient (male or female) has taken erectile dysfunction medications within the last 24 hours	
	AEMT	AEMT
•	<ul> <li>Supraglottic device, vascular access and fluid</li> <li>IV access prior to nitrates is preferred if possible</li> <li>Limit fluid bolus to 250–500 mL NS or LR</li> <li>Nitroglycerin 0.4 mg SL every 5 minutes (max of 3 doses) if dyspnea or chest pain persist and SBP &gt;90 mmHg or MAP of 65.</li> </ul>	□ Supraglottic device, vascular access and fluid □ CPAP/BiPAP – ONLY use when the patient is on the machine at home. Maintain home settings and bring machine with the patient. If unable to adequately ventilate, return to BVM

**CPAP** - Provide 10 L/min oxygen and PAP at 10 cm H2O

**BIPAP** – Provide 10 L/min oxygen and IPAP at 10 cm H2O with EPAP at 5 cm H<sub>2</sub>O

**CPAP/BiPAP** – Consider when the patient is awake, cooperative and SBP >90 mmHg Explain the procedure to the patient

Contact OLMC to discuss further settings and treatment above the initial setup.

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## **PARAMEDIC**

- □ Push Dose Epinephrine 2-10mcg as needed to maintain a SBP >100 mmHg or MAP of 65
- ☐ Epinephrine 2-10 mcg/min IV/IO infusion for shock. Titrate up to 10 mcg/min to maintain a SBP >100 mmHg or MAP of 65
- □ Norepinephrine 1 mcg/min IV/IO infusion for shock. Titrate up to 30 mcg/min to maintain SBP >100 mmHg or MAP of 65.

## **PARAMEDIC**

- Push Dose Epinephrine 1mcg/kg as needed to maintain a SBP>70 + (age in years x 2) mmHg
- Epinephrine 0.1–1mcg/kg/min IV/IO infusion for shock. Titrate to maintain a SBP >70 + (age in years x 2) mmHg.

2020 Utah EMS Protocol Guidelines