NAUSEA AND VOMITING

UPDATED 4/2025

ALL PROVIDERS / EMT

 Focused history and physical exam Blood glucose, temperature and oxygen saturation assessment Continuous cardiac, ETCo2, blood pressure, and pulse oximetry monitoring. Treatment Plan Nothing by mouth (NPO) Place the patient in an upright or lateral recumbent position. Obtain a 12 lead EKG, if available, for: Greater than 40 years old Associated with chest or abdominal pain. Pediatric lowest acceptable systolic blood pressures are birth to 1 month = 60mmHg, 1 month to 1 year 		
= 70mmHg, 1 year to 10 years is = 70mmHg + (age		PEDIATRIC Pediatric weight based dosing should not exceed Adult dosing.
EMT		EMT
Oxygen to maintain saturations of >94% Ondansetron - 4-8 mg PO		Oxygen to maintain saturations of >94% Ondansetron – 4-8 mg PO
AEMT		AEMT
Vascular access and fluid therapy		Vascular access and fluid therapy
Document level of consciousness before and after giving medication Ondansetron 4mg IV/IM/IO		Document level of consciousness before and after giving medication.
IO only if already in place		Ondansetron (Zofran)
 Promethazine 12.5–25 mg IV/IO/IM, only if SBP >90 mmHg, titrate to effect Dilute with 5–10 mL of NS and administer over 30 seconds Avoid in elderly patients due to potential for sedation Should be given through AC or larger vessel due to extravasation risk Promethazine 25 mg IM, only if no vascular access and SBP >90 mmHg 	0	 > 2 years old- 0.1mg/kg IV/IM/IO once (max 4mg) IO only if already in place 1-2 years old- 0.1 mg/kg IV/IM/IO Promethazine – requires OLMC contact.
PARAMEDIC		PARAMEDIC