TEMPERATURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL EMERGENCIES

UPDATED 3/2025

ALL PROVIDERS / EMT

- ☐ Scene and patient management
 - Remove patient from hot or cold environment, when possible
 - Focused history and physical exam
 - Body temperature and blood glucose assessment.
 - Assess level of consciousness; apply the *Altered Mental Status Guideline* if applicable.
 - Assess for underlying causes; medications, toxins, CNS lesions or other medical conditions.
- ☐ Cardiac monitor, ETCo2, and pulse oximetry monitoring
- ☐ Treatment Plan

Heat Related

- o Temperature elevation WITHOUT altered mental status (Heat Exhaustion)
 - Slow cooling with ice packs, wet towels, and/or fans to areas near carotid, femoral, brachial
 arteries.
 - If the patient is alert and not nauseated, oral rehydration with water or balanced electrolyte solution.
 - Severe muscle cramps may be relieved by gentle stretching of the muscles.
- o Temperature elevation WITH altered mental status (Heat Stroke)
 - Aggressive cooling to unclothed patient utilizing fine mist water spray and fans in conjunction
 with ice packs to groin and axilla while maintaining modesty (NOT Recommended for children
 and infants)
 - Aggressive cooling should be stopped if shivering begins.
 - Monitor closely for dysrhythmia, recognize and treat with the appropriate Cardiac Arrest or Cardiac Chest Pain Guideline
- Room temperature IV fluids should be administered for both heat exhaustion and heat stroke
- o Benzodiazepines may be used to control shivering

Cold Related

- o Protect patient from further heat loss (application of blankets, removal of wet clothing, warm environment, etc.).
- O Suspicion of cardiac arrest in cold environment, assess for 30-45 seconds to confirm pulselessness.
- Measure body temperature and treat accordingly
 - Severe: <86°F (30°C)
 - > Use active external rewarming (heated oxygen, warm packs to neck, armpits, groin, etc.)
 - > Administer warm IV fluids
 - Cardiac arrest: Chest compressions and ventilations.
 - Limit defibrillation attempts to 3 and no external pacing.
 - The likelihood of successful defibrillation improves as the patient is warmed.
 - ➤ Pediatric cardiac arrest due to hypothermia (temperature <30 C/86 F):
 - Direct transport to Primary Children's Medical Center and <u>do NOT rewarm</u> this patient.
 - Adult cardiac arrest due to hypothermia (temperature <30 C/86 F):
 - Direct transport to University of Utah Medical Center or Intermountain Medical Center and **do NOT rewarm** this patient.
 - > Handle the patient gently during transport, rough movement may precipitate dysrhythmias.
 - Moderate: 86-93°F (30-34°C)
 - > Use warm packs to neck, armpits, and groin
 - ➤ Warm IV fluids
 - Mild: >93°F (34°C)
 - Warm with blankets, warm environment, etc.
 - Frostbite precautions Do not rub or use dry external heat. Re-warm with 40°C water if possible.
 - ➤ Warm IV fluids

ADULT	PEDIATRIC Pediatric weight-based dosing should not exceed Adult dosing.
AEMT	AEMT
Advanced airway, vascular access and fluid therapy Heat Emergencies Cool fluid therapy: 500 – 1000 cc NS/LR bolus Cold Emergencies Warm fluid therapy: 500 – 1000 cc NS/LR bolus	 □ Advanced airway, vascular access and fluid therapy Heat Emergencies • Cool fluid therapy: 20 mL/kg NS/LR bolus Cold Emergencies • Warm fluid therapy: 20 mL/kg NS/LR bolu
PARAMEDIC	PARAMEDIC
 Cold emergencies Withhold anti-arrhythmic meds until temperature >86°F (30°C) Warm fluid therapy: 500-1000cc NS/LR bolus Heat Emergencies Cool fluid therapy: 500 − 1000 cc NS/LR bolus 	 □ Cold emergencies □ Withhold anti-arrhythmic meds until temperature >86°F (30°C) □ Warm fluid therapy: 20mL/kg NS/LR bolus □ Heat Emergencies □ Cool fluid therapy: 20mL/kg NS/LR bolus
 ■ Midazolam IN/IM/IV/IO – 5 mg, may repeat once in 5 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 10mg ■ Diazepam IV/IO – 5 mg, may repeat every 5 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 20mg Intramuscular (IM) – 10 mg, may repeat once in 10 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 20 mg (IM not preferred unless no other options) ■ Lorazepam IV/IO/IM – 1-2mg, may repeat every 5 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 4mg 	 □ Benzodiazepines for shivering: Midazolam IN/IM: 0.2 mg/kg (max 5 mg), may repeat once in 5 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 10 mg IV/IO - 0.1 mg/kg (max 5 mg), may repeat once in 5 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 10 mg □ Diazepam IV/IO - 0.1 mg/kg (max 5 mg), may repeat every 5 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 10 mg Intramuscular (IM): 0.2 mg/kg (max 10 mg), may repeat every 10 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 20 mg (IM not preferred unless no other options) □ Lorazepam IV/IO/IM - 0.1mg/kg (max 2 mg) may repeat every 5 minutes, if needed. Total max dose: 4 mg.